

Intimations.

DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA, LIMITED.

DISPENSING CHEMISTS, &c.
PURE WINES.
We beg to invite careful attention to the following selection from our Wine List, for we have succeeded in combining purity and excellence of quality with moderate prices.

SHERREY.		Per case, per bottle.	
Vino Generoso—a generous round wine, green seal.	\$6.00	\$2.50	
Vino Depato—a medium dry wine with delicate flavour, red seal.	\$10.00	\$1.00	
Amonillado—a high class natural wine for connoisseurs of Sherry, yellow seal.	\$12.00	\$1.10	
Delicious—the very finest sherry procurable, 6 years in bottle.	\$14.00	\$1.25	
Superior quality.	\$10.00	\$1.00	
Invalid Port, gold seal.	\$12.00	\$1.10	
Old Tawny, soft and mature, black seal.	\$14.00	\$1.25	
Special selected old vintage.	\$20.00	\$1.75	
BURGUNDY.			
Beaune—a full-bodied Red Burgundy with strength, ing properties.	\$14.00	\$1.25	
Chablis—a mellow Burgundy, fine flavour and bouquet.	\$14.00	\$1.25	
CHAMPAGNE.			
Arise—a well matured, specially selected dry wine.	\$18.00	\$1.75	
Lemoine—Vin blanc—Cuvée Royale. As Supplied regularly to the Prince of Wales, House of Commons, and the chief clubs in London, &c.	\$12.00	\$2.00	
Per case of 24 bottles.	\$32.00	\$1.00	

We are sole Agents in China for the Sale of this splendid Wine.
(Telephone No. 66.)
Nos. 22 & 24, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
Hongkong, 9th March, 1891.



A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

(ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.)
HONGKONG.

WE invite attention to the following old brandies, all of which are of excellent quality and good value for the money.
The same being specially selected by our London House, and bought direct from the most noted Shippers, are imported in wood and bottled by ourselves, thus enabling us to supply the best goods at moderate prices.

In ordering it is only necessary to state the name and quantity of Wine or Spirit wanted, and initial letter for quality desired.
Orders through Local Post or by Telegram receive prompt attention.

PORTS. (For Invalids and general use.)

	Per Case.	Per Bottle.
A. Alto Duro, good quality, Green Capsule.	\$10	\$1.00
B. Vintage, Superior quality, Red Capsule.	13	1.10
C. Fine Old Vintage, superior quality, Black Seal Capsule.	14	1.25
D. Very Fine Old Vintage, extra superior, Violet Capsule (Old Bottled).	18	1.50

SHERREYS.

A. Delicate Pale Dry, dinner wine, Green Capsule.	6	0.60
B. Superior Pale Dry, dinner wine, Green Seal Capsule.	7.50	0.75
C. Manzanilla, Pale Natural Sherry, White Capsule.	10	1.00
CC. Superior Old Dry, Pale Natural Sherry, Red Seal Capsule.	10	1.00
D. Very Superior Old Pale Dry, chateau old wine, White Seal Capsule.	10	1.00
E. Extra Superior Old Pale Dry, very finest quality, Black Seal Capsule (Old Bottled).	14	1.50

CLARETS.

A. Superior Breakfast Claret, Red Capsule.	\$4	\$4.50
B. St. Etienne, Red Capsule.	4.50	5.00
C. St. Julien.	7	7.50
D. La Rose.	11	12.00

BRANDY.

A. Hennessy's Old Pale, Red Capsule.	\$12	\$1.10
B. Superior Very Old Cognac, Red Capsule.	14	1.25
C. Very Old Liqueur Cognac, Red Capsule.	18	1.50
D. Hennessy's Finest Very Old Liqueur Cognac, 1873 Vintage, Red Capsule.	24	2.00

SCOTCH WHISKY.

A. Thorne's Blend, White Capsule.	8	0.75
B. Watson's Glenorchy Mellow Blend, Blue Capsule with Name and Trade Mark.	8	0.75
C. Watson's Abouloir-Glenlivet, Red Capsule with Name and Trade Mark.	8	0.75
D. Watson's H. K. D. Blend of the Finest Scotch Malt Whiskies, Violet Capsule.	10	1.00
E. Watson's Very Old Liqueur Scotch Whisky, Gold Capsule.	12	1.10

RISH WHISKY.

A. John Jameson's Old, Green Capsule.	8	0.75
B. John Jameson's Fine Old, Green Capsule.	10	1.00
C. John Jameson's Very Fine Old, Green Capsule.	12	1.10
GEMLINE BOURBON WHISKY, fine Old, Red Capsule, with Name.	10	1.00

GIN.

A. Fine Old Tonic, White Capsule.	4.50	0.40
B. Fine Unswartened, White Capsule.	4.50	0.40
C. Fine A. V. H. Geneva.	5.25	0.50

RUM.

Finest Old Jamaica, Violet Capsule.	12	1.00
Good Lecward Island.	\$1.50 per Gallon.	

LIQUEURS.

Benedictine.	Martell's.
Cognac.	Herrling's Cherry Cordial.
Chateau.	Dr. Siegert's Anker-Punsch.

MARRIAGE.

On the 24th Jan. at Clontarf Church, Dublin, by the Rev. C. C. Grubb, assisted by the Ven. Archdeacon of Glendalough, EDWARD CANDISH MILLARD, of Fochow, China, youngest son of the late Edward Millard, of Tunbridge Wells, Kent, to CLARA HENRIETTA, youngest daughter of the Rev. Mac Nevin Bradshaw, Rector of Clontarf, Dublin.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG FRIDAY, MARCH 13, 1891.

THE MILITARY CONTRIBUTION SWINDLE.

This journal has enunciated its views in no uncertain language when discussing the disgraceful attempt of the War Office, backed up by the supineness of Lord Knutsford and the other crowd of incapables at the Colonial Office, to extort from this colony a sum of £20,000 per annum as an extra "military contribution" under promises and pretences that have been proved to be false and misleading. We also opposed in the strongest terms the huge imposition for so-called fortifications—which was only agreed to after firm promises of wonderful breach-loading guns, first-class torpedo boats, and other death-dealing appliances which were supposed to be necessary for the defence of Hongkong—and we gave decided warning that this colony was only being fleeced for political purposes. Our predictions regarding both the famous guns and the extra regiment have been verified to the letter; our direct charge that an attempt was being made to obtain an increased military contribution under specious promises which would not be fulfilled, has proved only too true, notwithstanding the utterly feeble and purposeless extension of Governor Sir Vaux in the Legislative Council on the 5th inst. It will be remembered that, when the Government was forcing this most unpopular measure down the throats of the unofficial members of Council by the sheer weight of the official phalanx, we strongly urged the gentlemen who are presumed to be representatives of the community, to resign their positions en masse, as a protest against the wanton bad faith of the Government. And we again recommended the adoption of that most effective course as an answer to Lord Knutsford's latest demand. There have been some rumours of a public meeting to be convened by the unofficial members for the purpose of ascertaining what is really the opinion of the community on the question; but it is hardly likely that such a meeting will be held. Our unofficial legislators, with two or three noteworthy exceptions, have always rested under the suspicion of "trimming" when the worst came to the worst, and we fear it would be so in this case. The Governor, the other day, trusted that the unofficial members would not place him in the painful position of being obliged to do his duty in face of their views. What is his Excellency's duty? To protect the interests of Hongkong, or to coerce or cajole the unofficial members in assisting him to "squeeze" £20,000 out of the taxpayers on grounds which will not for a moment bear inspection? Who pays Governor Sir Vaux his annual salary of \$32,000? Is it the Colonial Office, the War Office, or the down-trodden, rate-payers of Hongkong? If we mistake not, his Excellency is paid for his services by this colony, and it therefore seems to us that his first duty is to his immediate employers; and that duty is to conserve and safeguard their interests. But he does not see it in that light; he is appointed by the Colonial Office and, therefore, he must do what that enlightened bureaucracy dictates—even to carrying through what is a shameful extortion. We are sorry for Governor Sir Vaux and sympathise with him in his unenviable position; but it would be much better if his Excellency owned up to the plain, unvarnished truth, instead of making lengthy, inconsistent and painfully illogical speeches in support of what is accurately described by the ugly word "fraud." The resignation of the unofficial members of Council, the magpies of the Sanitary Board, the Justices of the Peace, and of all other citizens who are in an honorary capacity associated with the Government, would quickly bring my Lord Knutsford and the vampires of the War Office to their proper senses.

The press of the Straits Settlements have borrowed our ideas, and are advocating their adoption with spirit and energy. Our contemporary, the *Straits Independent*, after severely criticising Lord Knutsford's exorbitant demands, remarks:—

Our colleague of the *Straits Times*, who appears to be justly indignant at the action of the Home Government, and who has devoted several issues of his paper to expose the great injustice that has been perpetrated, very properly makes certain suggestions with a view to express the great indignation and "intensely bitter dissatisfaction" felt by this and other Crown colonies at the action of the Home authorities. We fully agree with the Editor of the *Straits Times*, and would gladly go hand-in-hand with him, although we do not believe that any further efforts will have the least effect in moving the Home Government one jot or tittle from the infamous course they have determined upon. By all means let the unofficial members of the Legislative Council, and the elected and nominated members of the several Municipal Boards, and every unpaid Justice of the Peace resign in a body. Neither in the Legislature nor on the Municipal Board are they of any practical use, because they are powerless either to carry or to veto any measure in opposition to the official members, however beneficial or injurious such measures may respectively be to the community at large. In fact, they are merely the Government's gratuitous advisers, whose opinion is only taken into consideration when it chances to meet the views of the officials. We have no hesitation in advocating the course suggested by our Singapore contemporary. Let the world know that for all practical purposes the inhabitants of these settlements are misrepresented in the Legislature. What has been done out to us hitherto with such a great flourish of trumpets is but the shadow and not the substance of popular representation. If the gentlemen who now hold the several posts referred to will be consistent, straightforward and independent, they will let Lord Knutsford know that they decline further to lend themselves to the perpetration of what is but a "fraud," a delusion and a snare.

These are the views we have advocated for years, and we are glad to find that they have found so firm an echo in the Straits Settlements. At a meeting of the Singapore legislature held on the 5th inst., the Military Contribution question was made the subject of debate on a motion by the Colonial Secretary that the Council vote a sum of \$85,211.66 for military contribution and allowances. Amidst loud applause from his unofficial colleagues Mr. T. SHERRIFF said that "the garrison was not estimated by the wants of the people in Singapore, but was placed there for Imperial purposes," "that self-preservation was the first law of Nature applied to Colonial as well as to Imperial matters," and he wound up by insinuating that the Colonial Office had acted the part of a Judas in sacrificing the interests of the Crown Colonies to the dictates of the Imperial Treasury and the War Office. Mr. FINLAYSON admitted that all their arguments would be of no avail, as so long as there was a little money in the Straits Treasury the Chancellor of the Exchequer would never rest satisfied until he got it in his clutches. Some statements in the Secretary of State's despatch were too "thin," and although he (Mr. FINLAYSON) was a British taxpayer, he protested against this military extortion merely to save him the microscopic fraction of a penny which would fall upon him and his fellow taxpayers. Mr. BURKINSHAW followed on the same side and said the time was not one for argument but for action, and described the situation as a "monstrous injustice." The debate had not finished when the last mail left Singapore.

We recommend Mr. BURKINSHAW's forcible remark to the attention of the unofficial members of the Hongkong Legislative Council—"the time is not one for argument, but for action." And let that action be peremptory and decided. If the Governor, in what he considers the exercise of his duty, should attempt to force this unpopular vote through the Council by the aid of his official subordinates, every member should leave the table and at once resign. An appeal to the Hongkong community by their representatives in the Legislative Council would be a startling novelty, but it would also have the effect of bringing the satraps of the Colonial Office to their senses in double-quick time.

The press of the Straits Settlements have borrowed our ideas, and are advocating their adoption with spirit and energy. Our contemporary, the *Straits Independent*, after severely criticising Lord Knutsford's exorbitant demands, remarks:—

Our colleague of the *Straits Times*, who appears to be justly indignant at the action of the Home Government, and who has devoted several issues of his paper to expose the great injustice that has been perpetrated, very properly makes certain suggestions with a view to express the great indignation and "intensely bitter dissatisfaction" felt by this and other Crown colonies at the action of the Home

authorities. We fully agree with the Editor of the *Straits Times*, and would gladly go hand-in-hand with him, although we do not believe that any further efforts will have the least effect in moving the Home Government one jot or tittle from the infamous course they have determined upon. By all means let the unofficial members of the Legislative Council, and the elected and nominated members of the several Municipal Boards, and every unpaid Justice of the Peace resign in a body. Neither in the Legislature nor on the Municipal Board are they of any practical use, because they are powerless either to carry or to veto any measure in opposition to the official members, however beneficial or injurious such measures may respectively be to the community at large. In fact, they are merely the Government's gratuitous advisers, whose opinion is only taken into consideration when it chances to meet the views of the officials. We have no hesitation in advocating the course suggested by our Singapore contemporary. Let the world know that for all practical purposes the inhabitants of these settlements are misrepresented in the Legislature. What has been done out to us hitherto with such a great flourish of trumpets is but the shadow and not the substance of popular representation. If the gentlemen who now hold the several posts referred to will be consistent, straightforward and independent, they will let Lord Knutsford know that they decline further to lend themselves to the perpetration of what is but a "fraud," a delusion and a snare.

These are the views we have advocated for years, and we are glad to find that they have found so firm an echo in the Straits Settlements. At a meeting of the Singapore legislature held on the 5th inst., the Military Contribution question was made the subject of debate on a motion by the Colonial Secretary that the Council vote a sum of \$85,211.66 for military contribution and allowances. Amidst loud applause from his unofficial colleagues Mr. T. SHERRIFF said that "the garrison was not estimated by the wants of the people in Singapore, but was placed there for Imperial purposes," "that self-preservation was the first law of Nature applied to Colonial as well as to Imperial matters," and he wound up by insinuating that the Colonial Office had acted the part of a Judas in sacrificing the interests of the Crown Colonies to the dictates of the Imperial Treasury and the War Office. Mr. FINLAYSON admitted that all their arguments would be of no avail, as so long as there was a little money in the Straits Treasury the Chancellor of the Exchequer would never rest satisfied until he got it in his clutches. Some statements in the Secretary of State's despatch were too "thin," and although he (Mr. FINLAYSON) was a British taxpayer, he protested against this military extortion merely to save him the microscopic fraction of a penny which would fall upon him and his fellow taxpayers. Mr. BURKINSHAW followed on the same side and said the time was not one for argument but for action, and described the situation as a "monstrous injustice." The debate had not finished when the last mail left Singapore.

We recommend Mr. BURKINSHAW's forcible remark to the attention of the unofficial members of the Hongkong Legislative Council—"the time is not one for argument, but for action." And let that action be peremptory and decided. If the Governor, in what he considers the exercise of his duty, should attempt to force this unpopular vote through the Council by the aid of his official subordinates, every member should leave the table and at once resign. An appeal to the Hongkong community by their representatives in the Legislative Council would be a startling novelty, but it would also have the effect of bringing the satraps of the Colonial Office to their senses in double-quick time.

The press of the Straits Settlements have borrowed our ideas, and are advocating their adoption with spirit and energy. Our contemporary, the *Straits Independent*, after severely criticising Lord Knutsford's exorbitant demands, remarks:—

Our colleague of the *Straits Times*, who appears to be justly indignant at the action of the Home Government, and who has devoted several issues of his paper to expose the great injustice that has been perpetrated, very properly makes certain suggestions with a view to express the great indignation and "intensely bitter dissatisfaction" felt by this and other Crown colonies at the action of the Home

authorities. We fully agree with the Editor of the *Straits Times*, and would gladly go hand-in-hand with him, although we do not believe that any further efforts will have the least effect in moving the Home Government one jot or tittle from the infamous course they have determined upon. By all means let the unofficial members of the Legislative Council, and the elected and nominated members of the several Municipal Boards, and every unpaid Justice of the Peace resign in a body. Neither in the Legislature nor on the Municipal Board are they of any practical use, because they are powerless either to carry or to veto any measure in opposition to the official members, however beneficial or injurious such measures may respectively be to the community at large. In fact, they are merely the Government's gratuitous advisers, whose opinion is only taken into consideration when it chances to meet the views of the officials. We have no hesitation in advocating the course suggested by our Singapore contemporary. Let the world know that for all practical purposes the inhabitants of these settlements are misrepresented in the Legislature. What has been done out to us hitherto with such a great flourish of trumpets is but the shadow and not the substance of popular representation. If the gentlemen who now hold the several posts referred to will be consistent, straightforward and independent, they will let Lord Knutsford know that they decline further to lend themselves to the perpetration of what is but a "fraud," a delusion and a snare.

These are the views we have advocated for years, and we are glad to find that they have found so firm an echo in the Straits Settlements. At a meeting of the Singapore legislature held on the 5th inst., the Military Contribution question was made the subject of debate on a motion by the Colonial Secretary that the Council vote a sum of \$85,211.66 for military contribution and allowances. Amidst loud applause from his unofficial colleagues Mr. T. SHERRIFF said that "the garrison was not estimated by the wants of the people in Singapore, but was placed there for Imperial purposes," "that self-preservation was the first law of Nature applied to Colonial as well as to Imperial matters," and he wound up by insinuating that the Colonial Office had acted the part of a Judas in sacrificing the interests of the Crown Colonies to the dictates of the Imperial Treasury and the War Office. Mr. FINLAYSON admitted that all their arguments would be of no avail, as so long as there was a little money in the Straits Treasury the Chancellor of the Exchequer would never rest satisfied until he got it in his clutches. Some statements in the Secretary of State's despatch were too "thin," and although he (Mr. FINLAYSON) was a British taxpayer, he protested against this military extortion merely to save him the microscopic fraction of a penny which would fall upon him and his fellow taxpayers. Mr. BURKINSHAW followed on the same side and said the time was not one for argument but for action, and described the situation as a "monstrous injustice." The debate had not finished when the last mail left Singapore.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE Portuguese are now involved in a border dispute with the Germans at Zanibar.

THERE will be a game of polo at Causeway Bay to-morrow, commencing at 4.30 p.m.

THIS P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Verona* left Nagasaki for this port at 6.30 p.m. yesterday.

MR. MacDonald Cameron, M.P., "the Crofters' Friend," left Singapore for England on the 3rd inst.

THE M. M. steamer *Melbourne*, which arrived here last evening with the French mail, lost a blade of her propeller shortly after leaving Aden on the 20th ult.

MR. Hugh Clifford, acting British Resident at Peking, has intimated to a Singapore advocate, that counsel are not permitted to practice in the courts of that State.

A NEW process of refining sugar depends largely upon the use of flocculate of lead. As applied to beet sugar, the process is said to cost practically nothing, owing to valuable residuary products.

MESSRS. Adamson, Bell & Co., agents for the Canadian-Pacific Line, inform that the steamer *Parthia* arrived at Yokohama yesterday, and left to-day for this port, via Kobe, Nagasaki and Shanghai.

AFTER the Last Act—Leading Heavy—Did you see how I played the audience in that death scene? By George, they were crying all over the house! Stage Manager—Yes. They knew you weren't really dead. Come and have a drink!

THE Russian Government has lately issued an order forbidding the employment of Austrian workmen either in agriculture or handicrafts. Laborers of this nationality are conscripted to the Austrian frontier every day, by hundred.

It is announced that the Porte is about to strengthen the Turkish Army in Tripoli by the addition of 5,000 troops. It is also stated that the Porte will regard any attempt on the part of Italy to interfere in the affairs of that province as a *cassus belli*.

THE Pope has decided to make a sweeping reduction in the expenses of his household in order, it is said, to create a *tesoro pubblico* for use in such an emergency as his enforced exile. The total amount of the jubilee money will be assigned to this *tesoro*.

WE are requested to state that the entries for the Lawn Tennis Championship close to-morrow. Members who have entered in it should send their names, either on the list lying on the table in the Club ante-room or on the one in the Cricket Pavilion, without delay.

PERHAPS some of our local billiard "cricks" are not aware that the highest spot-barred break of the leading English professionals are:—John Roberts, Jr., 603; J. McNeill, 472; J. North, 467; W. Cook, 464; Taylor, 433; and Feale, 429. One John Roberts has scored over 500 in the performance of the last five times last year, and during the present season he repeated the performance frequently.

REAR ADMIRAL BELKNAP of the United States Navy, combining his discovery of the greatest oceanic depths yet found in the Japanese Kuro Siwo with what other explorers have found in different oceans, announces the conclusion that, as a rule, the deepest water is found not in the centre of the great ocean basins, but, on the contrary, approximately near the land, whether of continental mass or island isolation.

THE corporation of Brighton recently acquired the estate known as Queen's Park, at the northeast end of the town, and on the road to the racecourse, for the purpose of converting the bulk of it into a park and recreation ground. The necessary works are shortly to be commenced. Queen's Park was the property of the late Mr. George Duddell, a well-known resident of Hongkong in the early days of the colony.

"DOES your husband drink?" asked the doctor, looking across the room to where the fevered sufferer was sleeping. "No, thank goodness. He does not know even the taste of liquor." "Remarkable, remarkable! Let me lay this slice of lemon on the pillow for him." Still for a moment lay the slumberer. Then he stirred a little, and sniffed eagerly at his nose, and his lips parted to murmur: "Don't care if I do, ole man! Whisky warm, an' sugari!"

THE Banking Corporation of China (Limited) has been registered in London without articles by Messrs. Paine, Son, and Pollock, 14, St. Helen's-place, with a capital of £100 in £1 shares, to transact business as bankers and financial agents in the United Kingdom, China, Japan, India, the British Colonies, and dependencies in the East, America, the Philippine Islands, and elsewhere. The Company has only been registered to protect the title; there is no intention whatever at the present time that it should be created.

A CORRESPONDENT whose *gunyah* is at present pitched on one of the barren slopes of the Kowloon peninsula, reports a most extraordinary incident which he alleges occurred there yesterday. It is a long story but the gist of it lies in the following condensed sentences, but whether it was a circus that appeared unannounced in Kowloon, or that the noodles concerned only desired to make guys of themselves for the delectation of the onlookers is not explained. Here, however, is the communication:—"Whips" of fun here yesterday. "When taking quiet stroll was suddenly affronted by a crowd of Red-Indians on the war-path. Soon ascertained, however, that as not one of the party could 'lift light' for two consecutive moments, that first surmise was erroneous. Closer inspection proved that the party was composed of all sorts and conditions of the genus *Fan quai*, and that their movements were chosen from the 'buses which daily ply up and down the streets of Hongkong, and that the object of their visit to these usually undisturbed regions was to engage in a bulgey paper hunt. Lots of foolery before the flag fell, but the fun only commenced when the first ditch had been negotiated. Then long-legged men took every advantage of the gifts of nature and curled their postles' necks managed to get over, and the shorter—well those who did not fall off voluntarily jumped off, and walked across, and on to the next ditch. Many of the twenty-one starters ever saw a ditch fall by the way through accident, and many more intentionally, but when they were ultimately gathered in, it was found that no serious damage had been done. The man who came in first was, of course, as is customary in all donkey races, disqualified and the prize, a sucking pig, (not from Mitchell-Jones' ranche though) was given to another. A doctor was in attendance, and the damaged were shipped across to Hongkong along with the bus boys, when it became sufficiently dark to enable the party to dodge the police."

It has been the talk in China Town for some days past that the rate-payers' friend, the genial Optum Farmer, lost upwards of \$30,000 last year, and that the cause thereof was legion; notably, the unsuitability of the Optum Farmer's to the altered condition of the trade; the fact of the fines imposed on ally dealers and consumers having been so lowered as to render the precarious business of informers hardly worth the risk to life with which it is surrounded; and thirdly, owing to the success which has attended the enterprise of opium smugglers, who "ran" the drug from the Holy City into this Isle of Fragrant Streams. That there is a good deal of truth in the last allegation there can be no doubt after the revelations at the Police Court this morning, where Mr. Denny appeared on behalf of the Optum Farmer to prosecute Celestial, who has been doing a rattling business as a "sly retailer" ever since the middle of last year. The defendant was pounced upon at No. 5 Wai Yan Lane yesterday by Inspector Quincey and Sergeant Hadden who arrested him, seized 300 taels of opium on his premises, and appropriated his ledgers and day-book. It transpired in evidence, to-day that the prisoner's transactions ran up to 2,000 and odd taels of opium per month, at \$5.40 per tin of 10 taels, while the Farmer—who contributes about \$60,000 per month to the revenue of this colony—charges for a similar quantity \$30. Thus, it will be seen, the Wai Yan Lane man (the agent of a Macao opium boller) has been systematically under-selling the local monopolist to the extent of \$3.60 per tin; which on 2,000 taels of opium amounts to the trifling sum of \$720 a month, or \$8,640 per annum—at the lowest estimate. Mr. Spooner and the No. 2 Excise Officer have, it is said, taken great pains in getting up the case, which resulted to-day in Mr. Wai imposing a fine of \$300, with the alternative of three months' rigorous imprisonment with hard labour. It is expected that the fine will be paid by the prisoner's backers as soon as news reaches Macao. Meanwhile the sly dealer has been initiated into the mysteries of a model, albeit overcrowded, British gaol.

SOME of our admirers thought we were rather rough on that antiquated wheeze known as the *China Mail*, when we described it as the *Chief Fish Wrapper*. How is this for high? A paper in Croydon, North Queensland, describes its hated rival as: "Our poor, dear, old, fat-cheeked, dabbled-nosed, 'gummy-eyed' contemporary, the Croydon green-gage." We think the Croydon Editor was slightly personal.

MR. Herbert Gladstone has succeeded in obtaining authority for a return which will have unusual interest. It will set forth the number of Her Majesty's ships that have been lost otherwise than in accidents since 1840, giving in each case the date, locality, and occasion of the loss, a description of the ship, and an abstract of the findings of the official court of inquiry. Mr. Gladstone wanted to have the record carried back to 1815, but this was regarded at the Admiralty as too remote a date, and the return will be limited to half a century.

HERE are a few "first" things.—The first geographical map of England was made in the year 1520. The first dictionary was compiled by Paut She, a learned Chinese, who lived in the year 1100, B.C. The first voyage around the world was made by the *Vitoria*, a ship which formed part of the expedition which sailed under Magellan in 1519. Woolen cloth was first made in England in the year 1337, though it was known in Oriental countries since time out of memory; it was neither dyed nor dressed in England until the year 1657. The first London directory was printed in 1657 and contained but six-four pages, with the names of 1,790 persons and firms.

WHAT a busy time it is, says a home paper, for those who can take a bird's-eye view of the world: one revolution still proceeding in Chili, one threatened in Brazil, one suppressed in Portugal; a ministerial crisis in Italy, a general election in Spain, another pending in Austria-Hungary and Canada; a shifting of portfolios in the German Ministry; trekkings in South Africa; Russian agents still intriguing in Bulgaria; Mr. Blaine muttering thunder against the "international bully of the world," Peace—where shall we find it? Only in the Nonconformist conference. Not long ago it was boiling and bubbling; now it is simmering gently down and making quietly a dainty stew.

If those eminently useful members of society, the brawny Scots of the fire-brigade, could get hold of the long-tailed son of Han that raised a fearful alarm at 4.55 this afternoon, they would be satisfied and the latter would be an inmate of the Tung-wah Hospital for a fortnight, at least. The facts of the affair are as follows: a stove-pipe leading from the second to the third floor of the premises occupied by Mr. Conrad Schwenke, at No. 8 Queen's Road Central, became overheated and caused a beam of the third floor to smoulder, the smoke issuing through the chimneys in the floor; and a heathen servant seeing it, rushed out on the public street and yelled "fire!" at the top of his voice. An Indian constable heard it and made a dash for the bell and then set the brigade in motion. Before the latter got to the scene of action the fire (?) was put out by the occupants of the house, who tore up a few pieces of plank and poured water on the beam. The house in question is the property of Messrs. D. R. Sassoon, Sons & Co., and is fully insured. The damage done probably amounts to one dollar and ninety-nine cents—and a decimal, but that doesn't matter.

THE Graydon gun, which has been the subject of discussion in England lately, is, says a Service paper, looked upon with some suspicion by artillery officers. It is true that the gun is successful, will almost revolutionise modern warfare, as no ship and no fort can withstand the effect of 600 lb. of dynamite. It is necessary, however, to receive with extreme caution, not only Yankee wars, but Yankee inventions also. The Graydon shell has so far only been tested on a very small scale, the largest dynamite charge experimented with being only 25 lbs. There is some difference between a charge of 25 lbs. and one of the boasted 600 lbs., and we venture to doubt whether anything approaching to that quantity of dynamite is likely to be safely propelled from a gun, either by compressed air or any other agency. The air-gun has certainly been manufactured, and some trials will shortly be made with it in England, but until these experiments have at least been attempted it is premature to predict successful results. This is evidently the weapon alluded to in Mr. Frank Stockton's novel "The Great War Syndicate," which, when discharged as a force, nothing but a bald spot on the hill-side. Least, Graydon, who is well remembered both in Hongkong and Canton, has had to fight a hard battle with his invention. There can be no doubt, if once adopted and made as effective in action as the inventor claims, that the dynamite gun will be the weapon of the future; but would the United States Government have allowed the secret of such a destructive implement of warfare to leave that country if they had considered it of any practical value? We think not, and are much afraid that Graydon's gun will turn out just about as useful and effective, as that awful fire extinguishing hand grenade he invented and sold wholesale in Hongkong.

It has been the talk in China Town for some days past that the rate-payers' friend, the genial Optum Farmer, lost upwards of \$30,000 last year, and that the cause thereof was legion; notably, the unsuitability of the Optum Farmer's to the altered condition of the trade; the fact of the fines imposed on ally dealers and consumers having been so lowered as to render the precarious business of informers hardly worth the risk to life with which it is surrounded; and thirdly, owing to the success which has attended the enterprise of opium smugglers, who "ran" the drug from the Holy City into this Isle of Fragrant Streams. That there is a good deal of truth in the last allegation there can be no doubt after the revelations at the Police Court this morning, where Mr. Denny appeared on behalf of the Optum Farmer to prosecute Celestial, who has been doing a rattling business as a "sly retailer" ever since the middle of last year. The defendant was pounced upon at No. 5 Wai Yan Lane yesterday by Inspector Quincey and Sergeant Hadden who arrested him, seized 300 taels of opium on his premises, and appropriated his ledgers and day-book. It transpired in evidence, to-day that the prisoner's transactions ran up to 2,000 and odd taels of opium per month, at \$5.40 per tin of 10 taels, while the Farmer—who contributes about \$60,000 per month to the revenue of this colony—charges for a similar quantity \$30. Thus, it will be seen, the Wai Yan Lane man (the agent of a Macao opium boller) has been systematically under-selling the local monopolist to the extent of \$3.60 per tin; which on 2,000 taels of opium amounts to the trifling sum of \$720 a month, or \$8,640 per annum—at the lowest estimate. Mr. Spooner and the No. 2 Excise Officer have, it is said, taken great pains in getting up the case, which resulted to-day in Mr. Wai imposing a fine of \$300, with the alternative of three months' rigorous imprisonment with hard labour. It is expected that the fine will be paid by the prisoner's backers as soon as news reaches Macao. Meanwhile the sly dealer has been initiated into the mysteries of a model, albeit overcrowded, British gaol.

Masonic.

PERSEVERANCE LODGE OF
HONGKONG.
No. 1165, E.C.

A REGULAR MEETING of the above
LODGE will be held in the **FREEMASONS' HALL**, Zeland Street, on **MONDAY**, the 16th
instant, at 8.30 for 9 P.M. precisely. Visiting
Brethren are cordially invited.
Hongkong, 11th March, 1891. [408]

ZETLAND LODGE.
No. 525.

A NEMERGENCY MEETING of the above
named Lodge will be held in the **FREEMASONS' HALL**, Zeland Street, on **TUESDAY**
NEXT, the 17th March, at 8.30 for 9 P.M.
precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited.
Hongkong, 12th March, 1891. [419]

Consignees.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Steamship
"CITY OF RIO DE JANEIRO"
are hereby notified that their goods are being
landed and stored at their risk in the Company's
Godowns at Wanchai, from whence delivery may
be obtained on countersignature of Bills of
Lading.
Goods remaining undelivered after the 16th
instant will be subject to rent.
No Fire Insurance is effected.
CHAS. D. HARMAN,
Agent.
Hongkong, 9th March, 1891. [2]

Hotels.

THE SHAMÉEN HOTEL
BRITISH CONCESSION, CANTON.

THIS FIRST CLASS HOTEL, admirably
situated within a few minutes walk of the
River Steamer Wharves, is now open to receive
Visitors.
The Bed-rooms are cool, airy and comfortably
furnished, and the spacious Dining Room, Sitting
Rooms, and accommodation generally will be
found equal to the best Hotels in the Far East.
The Table D'Hôte is supplied with every
luxury in season, and the cuisine is in experienced
hands.
Wines, Spirits, Malt Liquors, etc., of the best
quality only.
A. F. DO ROZARIO,
Manager.
Hongkong, 4th November, 1890. [1047]

THE ROA VISTA.
BISHOP'S BAY, MACAO.

THIS House, situated on the sea shore in one
of the best and healthiest parts of Macao,
and commanding an admirable view facing the
South, was **OPENED** as a **HOTEL** on the
1st July.
Every comfort will be provided for visitors, with
excellent cuisine and choice Wines.
Hot, Cold, Shower and Sea Water Baths.
Large and well ventilated Dining, Billiard, and
Reading Rooms, and well supplied Bar.
A small dairy is attached to the premises.
MRS. MARIA B. DOS REMEDIOS,
Proprietress. [24]

PEAK HOTEL,
VICTORIA GAP, PEAK,
Adjoining the Tramway Terminus.

THE most beautiful position in the environs
of Hongkong situated 1,250 feet above
sea level, commanding magnificent views of the
City and Harbour of Victoria, the mainland of
China and neighbouring Islands.
Cool Southerly breezes in Summer with perfect
protection from N.E. Winds of Winter.
The best accommodation of Visitors with
every comfort, convenience and attention.
The Cuisine is under the best supervision and
every luxury obtainable is supplied.
WINES, etc. the best Brands and finest
qualities only are kept.
TERMS MODERATE.
Telephone No. 29.
PEAK HOTEL & TRADING Co., Ltd.,
Proprietors.
Hongkong, 13th February, 1891. [277]

Intimations.

THE BALMORAL GOLD MINING
COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the
SHAREHOLDERS in the above
Company will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, on
WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of March,
1891, at 2.30 p.m. in the Afternoon, for the purpose
of receiving the Report of the Directors and a
Statement of Accounts to the 30th day of
September, 1890.
The **TRANSFER BOOKS** of the Company
will be **CLOSED** (from the 18th inst., to the 25th
inst., both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
K. A. STEVENS,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 20th March, 1891. [406]

NOTICE.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

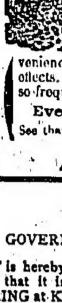
IN THE HIGH COURT OF SANDAKAN.

IN ITS PROBATE JURISDICTION.

In the Will and Estate of CHARLES WALTER
FLINT, of Sandakan, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all Creditors
and other persons having any claims
against the Estate of **CHARLES WALTER**
FLINT, deceased, late of Sandakan, Merchant,
Probate of whose Will has been granted by the
High Court of Sandakan, to **H. B. DUNLOP** of
Sandakan, Executor appointed by the Will of
the said deceased, are hereby required to send in
particulars of such claims to the said under-
signed, on or before the Thirty-first day of
October, 1891. And Notice is hereby given that
after such date the said Executor will proceed to
distribute the assets of the said deceased among
the parties entitled thereto having regard only
to the claims of which he shall then have had
notice.
Dated This First day of November, 1890.
P. F. J. MARCUS,
Registrar.
Receiver for the said Executor,
High Court, Sandakan. [16]

Intima



DOCTOR

SAY which deny Sunda Thurgion D C
convenience whether recent or chronic, in t
objects. They have no odour, nor do they i
so frequently occurs with all similar prepa
Every bottle, is genuine, bear
See that the label on each bottle bears the ad
Agents in H
A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.



GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

IT is hereby notified for public information
that it is proposed to carry out FIELD
FIRING at Kowloon, on TUESDAY, the 17th
instant, between the hours of 8.30 and 11 a.m.
A line drawn from Mount Foster to Barrack
Hill and from Mount Anderson to Observatory
Hill defines the limits within which the firing
will take place.
By Command,
W. M. DEANE,
Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Secretary's Office,
Hongkong, 9th March, 1891. [410]



GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

INFORMATION has been received from the
Military Authorities that ARTILLERY
PRACTICE will take place from the Batteries
at Lyemun in North-Westerly and Easterly
directions, North Point in a North-Easterly direc-
tion, and Kowloon Dock in an Easterly direc-
tion, from the 16th to 21st instants, between the
hours of 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. daily.
All Ships, Junks and other Vessels are cau-
tioned to keep clear of the range.
By Command,
W. M. DEANE,
Acting Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Secretary's Office,
Hongkong, 12th March, 1891. [420]

NOTICE.

HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHIPMASTERS AND ENGINEERS
are respectfully informed that, if upon
their arrival in this HARBOUR news of the
COMPANY'S FOREMEN should be at hand,
ORDERS FOR REPAIRS, if sent to the HEAD
OFFICE, No. 14, Praya Central, will receive
prompt attention.
In the event of complaints being found
necessary, communication with the Undersigned
is requested, when immediate steps will be taken
to rectify the cause of dissatisfaction.
D. GILLIES,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 22th August, 1891. [15]

NOTICE.

THE Underigned has secured the services
of an experienced PHOTOGRAPHER,
and undertakes to produce First Class Photo-
graphs and the enlargement of Photos, &c.
Cabinets (enamelled).....\$5 a dozen.
Cartes de Visite" " "
PUN YUO, PHOTOGRAPHER,
34, Queen's Road Central,
(Top Floor of Teen Sing Bookbinder).
Hongkong, 17th February, 1891. 298

J. & R. HARVEY & Co.,
DUNDASHILL DISTILLERY, GLASGOW.
Established 1770.

SCOTCH WHISKIES.
Finest Pure Malt Scotch Whisky.
O.H.M. Old Highland Malt Whisky.
F.O.S. Fine Old Scotch Whisky.
V.O.S. Very Old Scotch Whisky.

MESSRS. HARVEY & Co.'s Pure Malt
Whiskies have for over fifty years com-
manded the largest sale in the English Market
OF ANY WHISKY made in Scotland, and
being thoroughly matured in Sherry Wood are
very mild and mellow, and are confidently
recommended where a Pure, Wholesome Spirit
is desired.
Over one million Gallons produced annually
For Prices and Samples, apply to
G. RENNIE STEWART,
12, D'Agular Street, Hongkong,
Sole Agent for China and Japan.
Hongkong, 25th August, 1890. [369]

DENTISTRY.

FIRST CLASS WORKMANSHIP AND MODERATE FEES.

MR. WONG TAI-FONG,
Surgeon-Dentist,
(Formerly articled Apprentice, and latterly
assistant to Dr. DOOGERS),
HAS REMOVED
TO
THE MARINE HOUSE,
QUEEN'S ROAD,
(next to the Telegraph Companies).
CONSULTATION FREE.
Hongkong, 7th March, 1891. [395]

TOURISTS

ARE cordially invited to call and inspect our
choice collection of Japanese and Chinese
FINE ART CURIOS, which is unequaled in
Japan.
Every article guaranteed as represented. No
trouble to show goods. One price only.
DEAKIN BROS. & Co., Ltd.,
16 Bond, Yokohama,
near door to
Farward's Photographic Studio.
[27]

CRUICKSHANK & CO., LIMITED,

NOTICE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of this Com-
pany will be CLOSED from the 1st to the
15th March next, both days inclusive.
CRUICKSHANK & Co., Ltd.,
Victoria Dispensary,
J. STEPHEN,
General Manager.
Hongkong, 24th February, 1891. [346]

CLERTAN'S SANDAL PEARLS
 Are highly approved by the parisian Academie de Medicine, contain the pure essence of enclosed in a thin transparent gelatine capsule which is perfectly soluble and digestive. It is a proved efficacy in cases of inflammation, catarrhs and contagious discharges. Clertan's Sandal pearls cure all these Inconveniences or three days, without leaving any ill effects, many will affect the digestive organs, which are cured by the use of these pearls.
D^r CLERTAN'S signature.
 10, rue Jacob, Paris. Sold by all chemists.
 Hongkong: —
DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA, Ltd.

HONGKONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION.
A COMPETITION for the SUBSCRIPTION HANDICAP CHALLENGE CUP (Short Range) and RANGE SPOONS, will be held TO-MORROW, the 14th instant, at 3.30 O'CLOCK P.M. Distances, 500 and 600 yards. Seven shots at each range. Position: any. Entrance fee, 30 cents.
 A Launch will leave the P. & O. Pier at 3.30 O'CLOCK P.M. to convey competitors.
FRANK COLLINS,
 Hon. Secretary.
 Hongkong, 9th March 1891. 165

THE HONGKONG AND CHINA BAKERY COMPANY, LIMITED.
THE Nineteenth Ordinary General MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the Company will be held on MONDAY, the 16th instant, at 3 o'clock p.m., at the Company's Office, for the purpose of receiving a Report of the General Managers, and a Statement of Accounts to the 31st December, 1890.
LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.,
 General Managers.
 Hongkong, 9th March, 1891. 1493

NOTICE.
HONGKONG GENERAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.
THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the MEMBERS of the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce will be held on FRIDAY, the 20th March, at 3.30 p.m., at the Rooms of the Chamber, City Hall, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Committee, and passing the Secretary's Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1890.
 By Order,
F. HENDERSON,
 Secretary.
 Hongkong, 11th March, 1891. 1499

CHINA SUGAR REFINING COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE.
THE Thirtieth Ordinary Annual MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Office of the General Managers, Pedder Street, on SATURDAY, the 21st March, at 11 a.m., for the purpose of receiving a Report from the General Agents with a Statement of Accounts to the 31st December, 1890.
THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 6th to the 21st March, both days inclusive.
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
 General Agents.
 Hongkong, 28th February, 1891. 1361

CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LIMITED.
ADJUSTMENT OF BONUS FOR THE YEAR 1890.
CONTRIBUTORS to the above Office are requested to furnish the Underigned with List of their Contributions for the year ending 31st December, 1890, in order that the Distribution of Bonus may be arranged. Returns not rendered prior to the 31st day of March instant, will be adjusted by the Office, and no Claims or Alterations will be subsequently admitted.
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
 General Agents,
 Canton Insurance Office, Limited.
 Hongkong, 2nd March, 1891. 1372

STRAITS FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
THE TRANSFER BOOKS of this Company will be CLOSED at the HEAD OFFICE, SINGAPORE, from the 18th to 26th March next, both days inclusive.
ROBT. BAIRD,
 Agent.
 Hongkong, 26th February, 1891. 1346

THE BALMORAL GOLD MINING COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong, at 2.45 O'clock p.m., on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of March, 1891, for the purpose of considering and if approved of passing, the following Special Resolution:—
That the Capital of the Balmoral Gold Mining Company, Limited, be increased from \$180,000 to \$225,000 by the creation of Four Thousand and Five Hundred New Shares of \$10 each to be fully paid up. And that such New Shares be issued upon such terms and conditions and generally with such rights and privileges as shall be resolved upon or directed at the Meeting, and if no direction be given, as the Directors shall determine.
 By Order of the Board of Directors,
K. A. STEVENS,
 Secretary.
 Hongkong, 10th March, 1891. 1407

NOTICE.
GRIFFITH'S PHOTOGRAPHIC ROOMS
 1, Ice House Road are suitably lighted to produce all styles of Portraiture in any weather. CABINETS from \$6 a dozen.
 CARTES DE VISITE from \$3 a dozen.
 LIFE, SIZED BUSTS in Colour, or Black & White.
 IVORY MINIATURES, &c., &c.
 NEW VIEWS OF HONGKONG and the Coast Ports are always ready.
 Hongkong 26th September 1890 1428

NOTICE.
THOMAS KERR & CO.
ENGINEERS, BOILER-MAKERS AND CONTRACTORS.
YAU-MA-TI ENGINEERING WORKS, KOWLOON.
OFFICE—No. 12, D'Almeida Street.
 Hongkong, 19th August, 1891. 1400

For Sale.

IMPORTANT INTIMATION.

NOW READY.


[PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.]

THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST," A DIRECTORY AND WORK OF REFERENCE ON ALL IMPORTANT LOCAL SUBJECTS FOR HONGKONG, MACAO, CHINA, JAPAN, THE STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, SIAM, INDO-CHINA, NORTH BORNEO, THE PHILIPPINES, AND CORREA, FOR THE YEAR 1891.

PRICE THREE DOLLARS.

"THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY" has again been enlarged and is THE CHEAPEST, MOST COMPLETE, AND ONLY RELIABLE WORK OF THE KIND PUBLISHED IN THE FAR EAST.

THE above named work, published at the Office of "THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH," contains a Directory for the Ports in the large portion of Asia comprised between Penang, in the Straits Settlements, and the Northern Chinese Ports, including Wladivostok, Formosa, the Treaty Ports of China and Japan, Cochin-China, the Philippine Islands, Corea, British North Borneo, the British Colony of Hongkong, and the Portuguese Colony of Macao. It also contains the Principal Treaties between European countries and the United States and the countries East, of the Straits, including the Treaties and Conventions between China and Great Britain, France, Germany, Russia, the United States of America, Brazil, Japan, Peru, Spain, and Portugal; together with conditions of Trade, and the Port, Customs, Consular, and Harbour Regulations for the Ports of China and Japan; also descriptions of the various Ports, with the latest Trade Statistics taken from the Reports of the Imperial Maritime Customs and other reliable sources.

The various Governments and Municipal Corporations, and all Public Bodies and Companies, Bankers, Merchants, Consuls, Professional men, and other Residents, have supplied the necessary matter, upon forms specially sent for that purpose, so as to ensure accuracy. The Naval and Military portions have been taken from the latest published official lists and revised, at Headquarters; in fact, no pains have been spared to make "THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST" a handy and perfectly reliable book of reference for all classes.

In addition to the information enumerated above "THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST" for 1891 contains a carefully revised

INDEX TO THE ORDINANCES OF 'HONGKONG;
A SPECIAL LIST OF FOREIGNERS employed in Steamers making short voyages from Hongkong;
THE PRIVATE RESIDENCES of the Principal Government Officials, the Leading Merchants, the Foreign Consuls, Professional Men, Justices of the Peace, &c.
A LADIES DIRECTORY FOR HONGKONG;
The latest and only reliable PLAN OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA, showing the proposed Reclamations and all recent additions and improvements, AND
A Mass of interesting information on various subjects, culled from the most trustworthy sources.

A SPECIAL FEATURE.
IN THIS PUBLICATION WILL BE A CHAPTER ON SPORT, (amended and corrected to date) dealing with almost every branch of the subject, including RACING, CRICKET, ATHLETICS, AQUATICS, &c., &c., &c.

THE WINNERS of all IMPORTANT RACES at HONGKONG, SEANGHAI, FOCHOW, and AMOY, with times, and other interesting particulars, carefully compiled from the most reliable sources, make "THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST," a *vade mecum* for all classes of sportsmen.

"THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST" for 1891 is printed on a superior quality of Paper, and is the best printed and most handsomely bound volume ever published East of the Suez Canal.

"THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST," in order that it may circulate extensively outside this Colony, is published at a POPULAR PRICE, and can be ordered at This Office, through any of our Agents at the various Ports, or

THREE DOLLARS.

There is now space in the compass of an Ordinary Advertisement to detail all the information introduced into the work, but it may be fairly asserted that no such Directory has ever been published, either in Hongkong or any other part of the East, at such a low price.

"THE HONGKONG DIRECTORY AND HONG LIST FOR THE FAR EAST" offers special Advantages as an Advertising Medium, it has an extensive circulation in all Ports between Singapore and Newchwang, in the Australian Colonies, the United States, and the United Kingdom, and the scale of charges has been fixed at an exceptionally low rate. Terms can be learned on application.

Suggestions for the improvement of this work are respectfully solicited.

Orders for COPIES, and for ADVERTISEMENTS may be sent to the Agents at the various Ports, or to the Office of

"THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH".
FREDERICK HILL, HONGKONG.
Henderson, 10th January, 1891.

For Sale.

JOHN AMBROSE CLARKE,
Teacher of Officers and Engineers,
No. 75, WYNDHAM STREET,
Opposite the Central Police Station.

CANDIDATES prepared for the MARINE BOARD EXAMINATIONS.
Author of the "NEW NAVIGATION,"
And an "Aritmatic" for Engineers, \$5.
Hongkong, 7th February, 1891. [24c]

INTIMATION

J. Blackhead & Co.,
SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAIL-MAKERS
AND
PROVISION MERCHANTS,
NAVY CONTRACTORS,
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS
No. 11, PRAYA CENTRAL,
(Opposite Padder's Wharf).

SOLE AGENT
for
RAHTJEN'S
GENUINE
COMPOSITION
FOR
THE BOTTOMS OF IRON SHIPS.

HARTMANN'S GREY PAINT, specially manu-
factured for coating the inside of STEEL SHIPS.

CARBOLINEUM AVENARIUS
PRESERVATIVE AGAINST
ROTTING; DECAY, &c., of WOOD.



SAPOLIO.
ENOCH MORGAN'S SON'S
SAPOLIO
FOR 'GENERAL CLEANING PURPOSES

CHR. MOTZ & Co., BORDEAUX CLARETS

MAX HASEN'S FRANKFURT on M.
CONSERVED MEATS,
VEGETABLES AND FRUIT
CEMENT from the celebrated Factory of Hema-
rood.

SWEDISH TAR and OREGON PINE
LUMBER.

FLensburg STOCKBEER,
ENGINEERS' and BLACKSMITHS'
MACHINERY and TOOLS.
EVERY KIND OF
SHIPS' STORES and REQUISITES,
'ALWAYS IN STOCK
AT
REASONABLE PRICES.

ALL KINDS OF
COALS
SUPPLIED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE
Hongkong, 25th June, 1889. [13c]

G. FALCONER & CO.,
WATCH AND CHRONOMETER MANU-
FACTURERS and JEWELLERS.
NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS
CHARTS and BOOKS.
No. 48, Queen's Road Central. [19c]

CARBOLINEUM AVENARIUS,
(REGISTERED).

A N ANTISEPTIC PAINT for the Preserva-
tion of Wood, Walls, Ropes and Ships'
Tackle. May be applied to Beams, Floors, Wains-
coting, Wooden Furniture, Eaves, Roofs,
Wooden Sheds, Farmers' and Gardeners' Imple-
ments, Carts, Posts, Fences, Stables, Gates,
Bridges, Boats, and all Timber underground.
Effectually excludes all dampness from walls
painted with it and entirely prevents the crum-
bling away and decay of both stone and bricks.
White ants do not touch wood painted with
Carbolineum Avenarius.
Used during the last 14 years with the utmost
success, as proved by numerous Testimonials
from living authorities.
Sold in casks of about 450 lbs. net, Price 8
cents per lb.
For further particulars, apply to
SCHEELE & Co.,
Sole Agents,
No. 16, Stanley Street,
Hongkong, and December, 1889. [14c]

JUST ARRIVED, FOR SALE.

THE New Stem Winder and Enamelled Dial
WATERBURY WATCH.
SERIES I.—For Gentlemen, or large size.
SERIES J.—For Ladies, or small size.
\$4.75 Jewelled, dust-proof, dozen turns, with
each. all the latest improvements. A
perfect and unrivalled timekeeper,
reliable, durable and accurate,
and also
SERIES E.—The "Good old favorite." The
best form of the original Waterbury watch; offered at
the reduced price of \$3.70 each.
Orders from Out-ports to be accompanied
by remittance for cost.

THE MITSU BUSSAN KAISHA,
Sole Agents in Japan, China,
Korea, Hongkong and Macao.
No. 10, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,
Hongkong, 20th February, 1890. [1189]

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.,
CHRONOMETER, WATCH, and CLOCK-
MAKERS; JEWELLERS, SILVER-
SMITHS, and OPTICIANS.
CHARTS and BOOKS.
NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.
Sole Agents for Louis Audemars' Watches;
awarded the highest Prices at every Exhibition;
and for Volzinger and Sohn's
CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES,
MARINE GLASSES, and SPYGLASSES.
No. 21, Queen's Road Central. [19c]

HONGKONG TIMBER
YARD WANCHAI

OREGON PINE SPARS and LUMBER
Always on Hand.
L. MALLORY,
Wanchai, 24th June 1889. [199c]

Being sold by ROBERT FRASER SMITH